

Safety Data Sheet

Alkaline Alcohol

Section 1 - Chemical Product and Company Identification

SDS Name: Alkaline Alcohol

Catalog Numbers: SO-283, E-300-4

Company Identification: Transene Company, Inc., DBA ROWLEY BIOCHEMICAL, Inc.
10 ELECTRONICS AVENUE
DANVERS, MA 01923

For information, call: 978-739-4883

Emergency Number: 800-424-9300

For CHEMTREC assistance, call: 800-424-9300

Section 2 - Hazards Identification

GHS Classifications

H225-Flammable liquids: 2

H303-Acute toxicity, oral: 5

H319-Serious eye damage/eye irritation: 2A

H370-Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure: 1

H372-Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure: 1

Pictograms or Hazard symbols and Hazard statement(s):



Signal Word: Danger

Hazard statements:

H225-Highly flammable liquid and vapour

H303-May be harmful if swallowed

H319-Causes serious eye irritation

H370-Causes damage to organs (target organs: respiratory system, central nervous system, and optic nerve).

H372-Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (target organs: kidney, liver, spleen, and blood).

Precautionary Statements:

P210-Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P233-Keep container tightly closed.

P240-Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

P241-Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.

P242-Use non-sparking tools.

P243-Take action to prevent static discharges.

P260-Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P264-Wash thoroughly after handling.

P270-Do not eat, drink, or smoke when using this product.

P280-Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P301+P312-If swallowed: Call a Poison Center/doctor if you feel unwell.

P303+P361+P353-If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P305+P351+P338-If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P308+P311-If exposed or concerned: Call a Poison Center/doctor.

P314-Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P370+P378-In case of fire: Use dry chemical, carbon dioxide, dry sand, water spray or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.

P403+P235-Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405-Store locked up.

P501-Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Section 3 - Composition, Information on Ingredients

CAS#	Chemical Name	Percent
64-17-5	Ethyl alcohol	68 v/v
67-63-0	Isopropyl alcohol	8 v/v
67-56-1	Methyl alcohol	4 v/v
7647-14-5	Sodium chloride	1.6 w/v
7732-18-5	Water	Balance

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

Eye Exposure: In case of contact with eyes, flush with copious amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Assure adequate flushing by separating the eyelids with fingers. Call a physician.

Dermal Exposure: In case of skin contact, flush with copious amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention.

Oral Exposure: If swallowed, get immediate medical advice. Rinse mouth with water.

Inhalation Exposure: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If breathing becomes difficult, call a physician.

Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

General Information: Containers can build up pressure if exposed to heat and/or fire. As in any fire, wear a self-contained breathing apparatus in pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent), and full protective gear. Vapors may form an explosive mixture with air. Vapors can travel to a source of ignition and flash back. Will burn if involved in a fire. Flammable Liquid. Can release vapors that form explosive mixtures at temperatures above the flashpoint. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Containers may explode in the heat of a fire.

Extinguishing Media: For small fires, use dry chemical, carbon dioxide, dry sand, water spray or alcohol-resistant foam. For large fires, use water spray, fog, or alcohol-resistant foam. Use water spray to cool fire-exposed containers. Water may be ineffective. Do NOT use straight streams of water.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Carbon oxides, formaldehyde, peroxides, sodium oxides, hydrogen chloride gas, irritating and toxic fumes and gases.

Flash Point: 16.6°C (61.9°F) Closed Cup

Autoignition Temperature: Not available

Explosion Limits, Lower: 3.3%

Upper: 19%

NFPA Rating: (estimated) Health: 2; Flammability: 4; Instability: 0

NOTE: Static discharge could act as an ignition source.

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

Procedure(s) of Personal Precaution(s):

Wear personal protective equipment. Do not ingest or inhale. Do not get on skin or clothing. Do not get in eyes. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep away from heat. Eliminate all sources of ignition.

Methods for Cleaning up: Absorb with inert material such as sand, earth, or vermiculite. Do NOT absorb with combustible material such as saw dust or cellulosic material. Carefully sweep up and containerize for proper disposal. Use only non-sparking tools. Use explosion-proof equipment and take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not release to the environment. Do not release to drains.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

Use care when handling. Wear personal protective equipment. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Store in a cool, dry, and well-ventilated area. Keep in a tightly

closed and non-metal container. Use only non-sparking tools. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity. Keep away from incompatible materials. Protect from heat and direct sunlight. Vapors heavier than air may travel considerable distance and ignite or explode.

NOTE: Static discharge could act as an ignition source.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls, Personal Protection

Engineering Controls: Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash facility and a safety shower. Use adequate general or local exhaust ventilation to keep airborne concentrations below the permissible exposure limits.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eyes: Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by OSHA's eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or European Standard EN166.

Skin: Wear appropriate protective gloves to prevent skin exposure.

Clothing: Wear appropriate protective clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Respirators: A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA's 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements or European Standard EN 149 must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use.

Exposure Limits:

Chemical Name	ACGIH - TLV	NIOSH - IDLH	OSHA - Final PELs
Ethanol CAS#64-17-5	1000 ppm STEL	1000 ppm TWA 1900 mg/m3 TWA 3300 ppm IDLH	1000 ppm TWA 1900 mg/m3 TWA
Isopropyl Alcohol CAS#67-63-0	200 ppm TWA 400 ppm STEL	400 ppm TWA 980 mg/m3 TWA 500 ppm STEL 1225 mg/m3 STEL 2000 ppm IDLH	400 ppm TWA 980 mg/m3 TWA
Methanol CAS#67-56-1	200 ppm TWA 250 ppm STEL	200 ppm TWA 260 mg/m3 TWA 250 ppm STEL 325 mg/m3 STEL 6000 ppm IDLH	200 ppm TWA 260 mg/m3 TWA
Sodium Chloride CAS#7647-14-5	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed

OSHA Vacated PELs: Ethanol: 1000 ppm TWA; 1900 mg/m3 TWA
 Isopropyl Alcohol: 400 ppm TWA; 980 mg/m3 TWA; 500 ppm STEL; 1225 mg/m3 STEL
 Methanol: 200 ppm TWA; 260 mg/m3 TWA; 250 ppm STEL; 325 mg/m3 STEL

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State: Liquid
Appearance: Clear, colorless
Odor: Alcohol-like
Vapor Pressure: Not available
Odor Threshold: Not available
Vapor Density: Not available
pH: 6.0-8.0
Relative Density: Not available
Melting point/freezing point: Not available
Solubility: Soluble in water
Boiling Point: Not available
Flash Point: 16.6°C (61.9°F) Closed Cup
Evaporation Rate: Not available
Flammability (solid, gas): Not applicable
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: Not available
Auto-ignition Temperature: Not available
Decomposition Temperature: Not available
Viscosity: Not available
Specific Gravity/Density: Not available

Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

Chemical Stability: Stable under normal temperatures and pressures. Reacts violently with oxidizers: Risk of fire/explosion.

Conditions to Avoid: Avoid direct sunlight and extremely high or low temperatures. Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Keep away from hot surfaces and avoid incompatible materials.

Incompatibilities with Other Materials: Strong oxidizing agents, acids, alkali metals, ammonia, hydrazine, peroxides, sodium, acid anhydrides, calcium hypochlorite, chromyl chloride, nitrosyl perchlorate, bromine pentafluoride, perchloric acid, silver nitrate, mercuric nitrate, potassium-tert-butoxide, magnesium perchlorate, acid chlorides, platinum, uranium hexafluoride, silver oxide, iodine heptafluoride, acetyl bromide, disulfuryl difluoride, tetrachlorosilane + water, acetyl chloride, permanganic acid, ruthenium (VIII) oxide, uranyl perchlorate, halogens, halogenated compounds, aluminum, and potassium dioxide.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Carbon oxides, formaldehyde, peroxides, sodium oxides, hydrogen chloride gas, irritating and toxic fumes and gases.

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

CAS#64-17-5 Ethyl Alcohol: RTECS#: KQ6300000

LD50 Oral: 10470 mg/kg (rat)

LD50 Dermal: Not available

LC50 Inhalation: 124.7 mg/L (rat) 4h

Tumorigen, mutagen, reproductive effector per RTECS.

Draize test, rabbit, eye: 500 mg/24h Mild Irritant

Skin: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Ethyl Alcohol overexposure may lead to headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea, and vomiting.

Carcinogenicity: Ethyl Alcohol CAS#64-17-5 is not listed by OSHA. Ethyl Alcohol is listed by IARC (Group 1, Carcinogenic to Humans), NTP (Known Carcinogen), and ACGIH (A3, Animal Carcinogen). Ethyl Alcohol is listed by California Prop. 65 as a developmental carcinogen (alcoholic beverages only).

CAS#67-63-0 Isopropyl Alcohol: RTECS#: NT8050000

LD50 Oral: 5045 mg/kg (rat)
LD50 Oral: 3600 mg/kg (mouse)
LD50 Dermal: 12800 mg/kg (rat)
LD50 Inhalation: 72.6 mg/L 4h (rat)

Tumorigen, mutagen, reproductive effector per RTECS.

Carcinogenicity: Isopropyl Alcohol CAS#67-63-0 is not listed by NTP, ACGIH, OSHA, or California Prop 65. Isopropyl Alcohol is listed by IARC (Group 3, Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans).

CAS#67-56-1 Methyl Alcohol: RTECS#: PC1400000

LD50 Oral: 100.1 mg/kg (expert judgement)
LD50 Dermal: 300.1 mg/kg (expert judgement)
LC50 Inhalation: 3.1 mg/L 4h vapor (expert judgement)

Mutagen, reproductive effector per RTECS.

Draize test, rabbit, eye: 100 mg/24h Moderate Irritant.
Draize test, rabbit, skin: 20 mg/24h Moderate Irritant.

Carcinogenicity: Methyl Alcohol CAS#67-56-1 is not listed by IARC, NTP, ACGIH, or OSHA. Methyl Alcohol is listed by California Prop. 65 as a developmental carcinogen.

CAS#7647-14-5 Sodium Chloride: RTECS#: VZ4725000

LD50 Oral: 3 g/kg (rat)
LD50 Dermal: >10000 mg/kg (rat)
LC50 Inhalation: >42 mg/L 1h (rat)

Carcinogenicity: Sodium Chloride CAS#7647-14-5 is not listed by IARC, NTP, ACGIH, OSHA, or California Prop 65.

Information on the likely routes of exposure: Routes of entry anticipated: oral, dermal, inhalation, eye.

Epidemiology: Not available.

Teratogenicity: Not available

Reproductive Effects: Methyl Alcohol is a reproductive effector per RTECS.

Developmental Effects: Not available

Neurotoxicity: Not available.

Mutagenicity: Methyl Alcohol is a mutagen per RTECS.

Specific Organ Toxicity, Single Exposure: Respiratory system, central nervous system, and optic nerve.

Specific Organ Toxicity, Repeated Exposure: Kidney, liver, spleen, and blood.

Symptoms associated with exposure: Prolonged or repeated exposure can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking, and/or dermatitis. Inhalation of high vapor

concentrations may cause respiratory disturbances, headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea, narcosis, and vomiting. Eye contact may result in corneal damage, blindness, pain, irritation, watering, redness, blurred or double vision. Causes damage to organs if in contact with skin, if inhaled or if swallowed. Repeated or prolonged exposure may produce liver, spleen, kidney, blood damage. Narcotic effect. May cause nervous system disturbances.

The toxicological properties of this material have not been thoroughly investigated.

Section 12 - Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity: Do not release to the environment. Do not release to drains. Toxic to aquatic life. May cause long-term adverse effects to the environment.

CAS#64-17-5 Ethyl Alcohol:

EC50, freshwater algae: 275 mg/L 72h (chlorella vulgaris)
LC50, freshwater fish: 14200 mg/L 96h (pimephales promelas)(fathead minnow)
EC50, water flea: 9268 mg/L 48h
EC50, water flea: 10800 mg/L 24h
EC50, microtox: 34634 mg/L 30min (photobacterium phosphoreum)
EC50, microtox: 35470 mg/L 5min (photobacterium phosphoreum)

CAS#67-63-0 Isopropyl Alcohol:

EC50, freshwater algae: >1000 mg/L 72h (desmodesmus subspicatus)(green algae)
EC50, freshwater algae: >1000 mg/L 96h (desmodesmus subspicatus)(green algae)
LC50, freshwater fish: 11130 mg/L 96h static (pimephales promelas)
LC50, freshwater fish: >1400000 µg/L 96h (Lepomis macrochirus)
LC50, freshwater fish: 9640 mg/L 96h flow-through (pimephales promelas)
EC50, water flea: 13299 mg/L 24h
EC50, water flea: 9714 mg/L 24h
EC50, microtox: 35390 mg/L 5min (photobacterium phosphoreum)

CAS# 67-56-1 Methyl Alcohol:

LC50, freshwater fish: 15400 mg/L 96h flow-through (lepomis macrochirus)(bluegill)
LC50, freshwater fish: 19000 mg/L 96h (oncorhynchus mykiss)(rainbow trout)
EC50, water flea: 18260 mg/L 96h semi-static (daphnia magna)
ErC50, algae: 22000 mg/L 96h static (pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)(green algae)
IC50, bacteria: >1000 mg/L 3h (activated sludge)

CAS#7647-14-5 Sodium Chloride:

LC50, freshwater fish: 7650 mg/L 96h (pimephales promelas)
LC50, freshwater fish: 5840 mg/L 96h flow-through (lepomis macrochirus)(bluegill)
EC50, water flea: 1000 mg/L 48h
EC50, water flea: 874 mg/L 48h static (daphnia magna)
EC50, algae: 2430 mg/L 120h static (nitzschia sp.)

Persistence and degradability: Persistence is unlikely based on available information.

Bio-accumulative potential: Not available.

Mobility: Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its water solubility and volatility.

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

DISPOSAL: Dispose of in accordance with all federal, state, and local regulations.

Section 14 – Transport Information

DOT

Proper shipping name: Flammable Liquids, N.O.S. (SD Alcohol & Isopropanol)

UN1993

PG II

Hazard class 3 (flammable)

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

Canada Regulatory Information

WHMIS Classification: This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR, and the SDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

Section 16 - Additional Information

SDS Creation Date: 10/21/12

Revision #1: 3/17/14

Revision #2: 12/6/17

Revision #3: 8/1/19

Revision #4: 1-12-23

Revision #5: 1-5-26

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